VietJet Aviation Joint Stock Company

Separate Financial Statements Quarter I 2025

VietJet Aviation Joint Stock Company Corporate Information

Business Registration Certificate No.

0103018458

23 July 2007

Corporate Registration Certificate No.

0102325399

23 July 2007

The Company's Corporate Registration Certificate has been amended several times, the most recent of which is by Corporate Registration Certificate No. 0102325399 dated 19 April 2023. The Business Registration Certificate, the Corporate Registration Certificate and updates were issued by Honoi Authority of Planning and Investment.

by Hanoi Authority of Planning and Investment.

Board of Directors

Ms. Nguyen Thi Phuong Thao Ms. Nguyen Thanh Ha

Mr. Nguyen Anh Tuan Vice Chairman

Mr. Donal Joshep Boylan

- Independent Member Vice Chairman

- Independent Member

Vice Chairwoman

Chairwoman

Mr. Nguyen Thanh Hung Mr. Dinh Viet Phuong Ms. Ho Ngoc Yen Phuong Mr. Luu Duc Khanh Mr. Chu Viet Cuong Member Member Member Member Member

Board of Management

Mr. Dinh Viet Phuong Ms. Ho Ngoc Yen Phuong Chief Executive Officer Executive Vice President cum

Mr. Michael Hickey Mr. To Viet Thang Mr. Nguyen Thanh Son Chief Financial Officer Chief Operation Officer Vice President

Vice President -Chief Commercial Officer

Audit Committee

Mr. Nguyen Anh Tuan Mr. Luu Duc Khanh Mr. Chu Viet Cuong Chairman Member Member

Registered Office

302/3 Kim Ma Street

Ngoc Khanh Ward, Ba Dinh District

Hanoi City Vietnam

VietJet Aviation Joint Stock Company Statement of the Board of Management

The Board of Management of VietJet Aviation Joint Stock Company ("the Company") presents this statement and the accompanying separate financial statements of the Company for the period then ended 31 March 2025.

The Board of Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the separate financial statements in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Accounting System for enterprises and the relevant statutory requirements applicable to financial reporting. In the opinion of the Board of Management:

- (a) The separate financial statements set out on pages 3 to 45 give a true and fair view of the unconsolidated financial position of the Company as at 31 March 2025, and of the unconsolidated results of operations and the unconsolidated cash flows of the Company for the period then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Accounting System for enterprises and the relevant statutory requirements applicable to financial reporting; and
- (b) At the date of this statement, there are no reasons to believe that the Company will not be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due.

The Board of Management has, on the date of this statement, authorized these accompanying separate financial statements for issue.

02 6 Schalf of the Board of Management

CÔNG TY CÔ PHÂN HÀNG KHÔY

O O NIEDINI Viet Phuong

Chief Executive Officer

Ha Noi City, 30 April 2025

VietJet Aviation Joint Stock Company Separate balance sheet as at 31 March 2025

Form B 01a – DN (Issued under Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

			As at		
			31.03.2025	01.01.2025	
Code	ASSETS	Note	VND	VND	
100	CURRENT ASSETS		36,508,049,445,683	38,278,883,094,161	
110	Cash and cash equivalents	5	2,172,255,374,901	4,511,916,689,423	
111	Cash		1,660,300,745,856	3,981,962,396,509	
112	Cash equivalents		511,954,629,045	529,954,292,914	
120	Short-term investments		3,902,316,144,913	3,814,104,269,073	
121	Trading securities	6(a)	990,000,000,000	990,000,000,000	
122	Provision for diminution in value of trading		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,,,,	
	securities	6(a)	(345,000,000,000)	(386,800,000,000)	
123	Investments held to maturity	6(b)	3,257,316,144,913	3,210,904,269,073	
130	Short-term receivables		28,050,866,031,121	27,712,755,410,526	
131	Short-term trade accounts receivable	8	11,349,286,832,686	10,799,422,792,110	
132	Short-term prepayments to suppliers		1,001,909,719,138	776,118,910,042	
135	Short-term lending	7	1,538,712,453,293	1,633,712,453,293	
136	Other short-term receivables	9(a)	14,239,735,466,004	14,582,279,695,081	
137	Provision for doubtful debts – short term		(78,778,440,000)	(78,778,440,000)	
140	Inventories		2,089,933,853,193	2,005,435,760,243	
141	Inventories	10	2,089,933,853,193	2,005,435,760,243	
150	Other current assets		292,678,041,555	234,670,964,896	
151	Short-term prepaid expenses	13(a)	275,232,594,124	199,973,081,166	
153	Tax and other receivables from the State	15(a)	17,445,447,431	34,697,883,730	
	Suite received in our life State	15(a)	17,773,777,431	34,097,003,730	

VietJet Aviation Joint Stock Company Separate balance sheet as at 31 March 2025 (continued)

Form B 01a – DN (Issued under Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

			As a	nt
		_	31.03.2025	01.01.2025
Code	ASSETS (continued)	Note	VND	VND
200	LONG-TERM ASSETS		50,876,417,674,903	49,644,425,376,889
210	Long-term receivables		25,166,545,135,461	24,043,176,835,237
215	Long-term lending		50,000,000,000	50,000,000,000
216	Other long-term receivables	9(b)	25,116,545,135,461	23,993,176,835,237
220	Fixed assets		13,976,683,248,877	14,122,357,801,905
221	Tangible fixed assets	11(a)	8,214,006,612,914	8,283,535,097,909
222	Historical cost		9,176,978,231,055	9,119,370,125,423
223	Accumulated depreciation		(962,971,618,141)	(835,835,027,514)
224	Finance lease fixed assets	11(b)	5,750,125,520,806	5,826,331,069,845
225	Historical cost	150,000	6,181,116,755,409	6,181,116,755,409
226	Accumulated depreciation		(430,991,234,603)	(354,785,685,564)
227	Intangible fixed assets	11(c)	12,551,115,157	12,491,634,151
228	Historical cost		49,451,908,433	48,711,908,433
229	Accumulated amortisation		(36,900,793,276)	(36,220,274,282)
240	Long-term assets in progress		1,386,234,413,195	1,463,280,934,198
242	Construction in progress	12	1,386,234,413,195	1,463,280,934,198
250	Long-term investments	6(c)	230,917,024,400	230,917,024,400
251	Investments in subsidiaries		81,500,000,000	81,500,000,000
252	Investments in associates		60,000,000,000	60,000,000,000
253	Investment in other entity		149,417,024,400	149,417,024,400
254	Provision for long-term investments		(60,000,000,000)	(60,000,000,000)
260	Other long-term assets		10,116,037,852,970	9,784,692,781,149
261	Long-term prepaid expenses	13(b)	10,116,037,852,970	9,784,692,781,149
270	TOTAL ASSETS		87,384,467,120,586	87,923,308,471,050

Form B 01a – DN (Issued under Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

		_	As	at
			31.03.2025	01.01.2025
Code	RESOURCES	Note	VND	VND
300	LIABILITIES		80,975,581,645,593	82,141,916,569,731
310	Short-term liabilities		31,978,528,401,650	33,580,986,519,271
311	Short-term trade accounts payable	14	6,320,895,655,345	6,200,221,338,860
312	Short-term advances from customers		1,369,874,028,052	1,542,728,767,676
313	Tax and other payables to the State	15(b)	246,092,605,581	274,134,365,852
314	Payable to employees		217,523,601,079	193,807,912,443
315	Short-term accrued expenses	16	2,554,070,027,767	2,478,190,867,154
318	Short-term unearned revenue	17	2,722,163,701,221	4,253,048,070,041
319	Other short-term payables	18	2,936,268,256,914	3,814,617,129,838
320	Short-term borrowings and finance		, , , , ,	-,,,
	lease liabilities	19(a)	13,246,404,767,839	12,460,106,764,555
321	Provision for short-term liabilities	20	2,355,397,860,057	2,355,397,860,057
322	Bonus and welfare fund	21	9,837,897,795	8,733,442,795
330	Long-term liabilities		48,997,053,243,943	48,560,930,050,460
337	Other long-term payables		1,015,611,322,266	845,708,231,615
338	Long-term borrowings and finance		-,,,,	5 . 5 , 7 5 5 , 2 5 1 , 5 1 5
	lease liabilities	19(b)	29,944,454,994,007	30,052,392,436,812
341	Deferred income tax liabilities	22	549,991,213,326	357,964,069,814
342	Provision for long-term liabilities	20	17,486,995,714,344	17,304,865,312,219
400	OWNERS' EQUITY		6,408,885,474,993	5,781,391,901,319
410	Capital and reserves		6,408,885,474,993	5,781,391,901,319
411	Owners' capital	23, 24	5,416,113,340,000	5,416,113,340,000
411a	- Ordinary shares with voting rights		5,416,113,340,000	5,416,113,340,000
412	Share premium	24	247,483,117,899	247,483,117,899
421	Undistributed earnings	24	745,289,017,094	117,795,443,420
421a	 Undistributed post-tax profits/(accumulated losses) of 			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
	previous years		117,795,443,420	(1,105,680,446,053)
421b	- Post-tax profits of current period/ye	ar	627,493,573,674	1,223,475,889,473
440	TOTAL RESOURCES		87,384,467,120,586	87,923,308,471,050

Prepared by:

Nguyen Thi Thanh Nga Chief Accountant 30 April 2025

Approved by: ONG

The

Ho Ngoc Yen Phuong Vice President cum

Chief Financial Officer

HÀNG KHÔNG *

Dinh Viet Phuong
Chief Executive Officer

VietJet Aviation Joint Stock Company Separate statement of income for the first quarter ended 31 March 2025

Form B 02a – DN (Issued under Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

			Quarter I		
Code		Note	This year VND	Previous year VND	
01	Revenue from sales of goods and rendering of services		17,919,746,023,966	17,764,945,381,015	
10	Net revenue from sales of goods and rendering of services	26	17,919,746,023,966	17,764,945,381,015	
11	Cost of goods sold and services rendered	27	(15,483,449,790,247)	(15,993,238,291,868)	
20	Gross profit from sales of goods and rendering of services		2,436,296,233,719	1,771,707,089,147	
21 22 23 25 26	Financial income Financial expenses - Including: Interest expense Selling expenses General and administration expenses	28 29 29 30 31	398,854,655,317 (1,142,752,815,505) (809,982,561,855) (622,400,537,777) (261,247,076,117)	562,275,748,977 (924,573,453,731) (718,701,167,748) (674,230,608,991) (212,692,325,412)	
30	Net operating profit		808,750,459,637	522,486,449,990	
31 32 40	Other income Other expenses Net other income		12,023,729,722 (1,253,472,173) 10,770,257,549	140,589,166,309 (6,392,757,901) 134,196,408,408	
50	Net accounting profit before tax		819,520,717,186	656,682,858,398	
51 52	Business income tax ("BIT) - current BIT - deferred		(192,027,143,512)	(136,303,807,370)	
60	Net profit after tax		627,493,573,674	520,379,051,028	

30 April 2025

Prepared by:

Nguyen Thi Thanh Nga Chief Accountant

Ho Ngoc Yen Phuong Vice President cum Chief Financial Officer Dinh Viet Phuong Chief Executive Officer

CÔ PHÂN

Approved by:

VietJet Aviation Joint Stock Company Separate statement of cash flows for the first quarter ended 31 March 2025 (Indirect method)

Form B 03a – DN (Issued under Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

			Quarter I	
Code		Note	This year VND	Previous year VND
	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING			
	ACTIVITIES			
01	Net accounting profit before tax Adjustments for:		819,520,717,186	656,682,858,398
02	Depreciation and amortisation		204,022,658,660	189,994,361,081
03	Provisions		47,602,166,926	252,645,369,568
04	Unrealised foreign exchange losses/(gains)		104,938,222,259	(122,728,053,366)
05	Profits from investing activities		(202,772,406,700)	(289,706,468,873)
06	Interest expense		809,982,561,855	718,701,167,748
08	Operating profit before changes in			
	working capital		1,783,293,920,186	1,405,589,234,556
09	Decrease in receivables		922,346,330,024	2,614,480,878,558
10	Increase in inventories		(84,498,092,950)	(259,152,209,801)
. 11	Decrease in payables		(2,466,059,271,244)	(2,762,128,856,866)
12	(Increase)/decrease in prepaid expenses		(406,604,584,779)	304,067,342,616
14	Interest paid		(606,373,020,974)	(480,484,747,285)
16	Other receipts from operating activities		1,104,455,000	692,466,000
20	Net cash (outflows)/inflows from operating			
	activities		(856,790,264,737)	823,064,107,778
	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING			
	ACTIVITIES			
	Purchases of fixed assets and other			
21	long-term assets		(2,221,488,687,227)	(2,836,789,254,285)
23	Loans and term deposits granted		(46,411,875,840)	(322,834,440,000)
24	Collection of debt instruments of other entities	S	95,000,000,000	118,289,468,207
27	Interest received		25,379,557,039	278,325,185,757
30	Net cash outflows from investing activities		(2,147,521,006,028)	(2,763,009,040,321)

VietJet Aviation Joint Stock Company Separate statement of cash flows for the first quarter ended 31 March 2025 (Indirect method - continued)

Form B 03a – DN (Issued under Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

		_	Quart	er I
			This year	Previous year
Code		Note	VND	VND
	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
33	Proceeds from borrowings		10,978,829,563,712	10,847,520,106,090
34	Repayments of borrowings		(10,254,026,763,413)	(10,901,358,528,821)
35	Finance lease principal repayments		(79,701,390,505)	(76,558,115,310)
40	Net cash inflows/(outflows) from		() , , , , ,	()
	financing activities		645,101,409,794	(130,396,538,041)
50	Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(2,359,209,860,971)	(2,070,341,470,584)
60	Cash and cash equivalents at	-	4 711 017 700 422	5 021 500 000 520
61	beginning of year	5	4,511,916,689,423	5,021,589,880,532
01	Effect of foreign exchange differences		19,548,546,449	56,083,080,171
70	Cash and cash equivalents at end of			
	year	5	2,172,255,374,901	3,007,331,490,119

30 April 2025

Prepared by:

Nguyen Thi Thanh Nga Chief Accountant Ho Ngoc Yen Phuong Vice President cum Chief Financial Officer DINH - Dink Viet Phuong Enlef Executive Officer

CÔNG TY Cổ PHÂN HÀNG KHÔNG

Form B 09a - DN

(Issued under Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying separate financial statements.

1. REPORTING ENTITY

1.1. Ownership structure

VietJet Aviation Joint Stock Company ("the Company") is a joint stock company incorporated in Vietnam.

The Company's shares are listed on the Ho Chi Minh City Stock Exchange with the stock trading code "VJC" based on Decision No.29/QD-SGDHCM at 6 February 2017.

1.2. Principal activities

The principal activities of the Company are to provide passenger and cargo transportation services on domestic and international air routes, and aviation related support services and to trade aircrafts and components.

1.3. Normal operating cycle

The normal operating cycle of the Company is generally within 12 months.

1.4. Company's structure

As at 31 March 2025, the Company had 6,786 employees (01.01.2025: 6,541 employees).

2. BASIC OF PREPARATION

2.1. Statement of compliance

These separate financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Accounting System for enterprises and the relevant statutory requirements applicable to financial reporting. The Company prepares and issues its consolidated financial statements separately. For a comprehensive understanding of the Company's consolidated financial position, its consolidated results of operations and its consolidated cash flows, these separate financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements.

2.2. Basis of measurement

The separate financial statements, except for the separate statement of cash flows, are prepared on the accrual basis using the historical cost basic. The separate statement of cash flows is prepared using the indirect method.

2.3. Annual accounting period

The annual accounting period of the Company is from 01 January to 31 December.

2.4. Accounting and presentation currency

The Company's accounting currency is Vietnam Dong ("VND"), which is also the currency used for the separate financial statements presentation purpose.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following significant accounting policies have been adopted by the Company in the preparation of these separate financial statements.

Form B 09a - DN

(Issued under Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.1. Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in currencies other than VND during the period have been translated into VND at rates approximating actual rates of exchange ruling at the transaction dates.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than VND, except for items hedged by financial instruments, are translated into VND at the average of the account transfer buying rates and selling rates at the end of the accounting period quoted by the commercial bank where the Company most frequently conducts transactions.

All foreign exchange differences are recorded in the separate statement of income.

3.2. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, cash at banks and other short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

3.3. Investments

(i) Trading securities

Trading securities are those held by the Company for trading purpose i.e, purchased for resale with the aim of making profits over a short period of time. Trading securities are initially recognized at cost which include purchase price plus any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, they are measured at cost less allowance for diminution in value. An allowance is made for diminution in value of trading securities if market price of the securities item falls below its carrying amount. The allowance is reversed if the market price subsequently increases after the allowance was recognized. An allowance is reversed only to the extent that the securities' carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that has been determined if no allowance had been recognized.

(ii) Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments are those that the Company's Board of Directors has the intention and ability to hold until maturity. Held-to-maturity investments include term deposits at banks, investments in business cooperation contracts and loans receivable. These investments are stated at costs less allowance for doubtful debts.

(iii) Investments in subsidiaries and associates

For the purpose of these separate financial statements, investments in subsidiaries and associates are initially recognized at cost which include purchase price plus any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, these investments are stated at cost less allowance for diminution in value. An allowance is made for diminution in investment value if the investee has suffered a loss, except where such loss was anticipated by the Company's Board of Directors before making the investment. The allowance is reversed if the investee subsequently made a profit that offsets the previous loss for which the allowance had been made. An allowance is reversed only to the extent that the investment's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined if no allowance had been recognized.

(iv) Investments in equity instruments of other entities

Investments in equity instruments of other entities are initially recognized at cost which include purchase price plus any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, these investments are stated at cost less allowance for diminution in value. An allowance is made for diminution in investment value if the investee has suffered a loss, except where such loss was anticipated by the Company's Board of Directors before making the investment. The allowance is reversed if the investee subsequently made a profit that offsets the previous loss for which the allowance had been made. An allowance is reversed only to the extent that the investment's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined if no allowance had been recognized.

Form B 09a - DN

(Issued under Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.4. Accounts receivable

Trade and other receivables are stated at cost less allowance for doubtful debts.

3.5. Lendings

Lendings are lendings granted for interest earning under agreements among parties but not for being traded as securities.

Lendings are initially recognised at cost. Subsequently, the Board of Management reviews all outstanding amounts to determine the amount of provision to recognise at the period end. Provision for doubtful lendings is made for each lending based on overdue days in payment of principals according to the initial payment commitment (exclusive of the payment rescheduling between parties) or based on the estimated loss that may arise. Changes in the provision balance during the accounting period are recorded as an increase or decrease in financial expenses. A reversal, if any, is made only to the extent the lending is restored to its original cost, however it shall not be lower than a fixed profit sharing ratio, regardless of the business performance of the contract.

Lendings are classified into short-term and long-term lendings on the separate period balance sheet based on the remaining term of the lendings as at the separate period balance sheet date

3.6. Business cooperation contract

A business cooperation contract ("BCC") is a contract between the Company and other parties to carry out specific business activities without establishing a new legal entity. These activities are jointly controlled by the parties under the BCC. The parties participating in the BCC agree to share the before tax profits of the BCC corresponding to the actual contribution ratio of each party. The nature of this BCC is to share revenue, expenses, and each party will exercise its rights, fulfil its conditions and ability to jointly controlled BCC's operations and cash flow.

According to this BCC, the Company is not in charge of accounting and tax finalisation. The Company accounts for its proportionate share of revenue and expenses from the BCC in the separate income statement as net profit/(loss) before tax.

3.7. Maintenance reserves of leased aircrafts

Under the terms of its aircraft operating lease agreements, the Company is legally and contractually responsible for maintenance and repair of the leased aircrafts throughout the lease period and is also required to make maintenance reserves with the lessors. The maintenance reserves are recorded as other short-term and long-term receivables when there is no significant uncertainty regarding recovery of the reimbursement from lessors. Maintenance reserves made to lessors are typically calculated based on a performance measure, such as flight hours or cycles, and are contractually required to be reimbursed to the Company upon the completion of the required maintenance of the leased aircraft including replacement of life limited parts, engine performance restoration, airframe major structural inspection, landing gear overhaul and auxiliary power unit (APU) heavy repair. If there are excess amounts on maintenance reserves at the expiration of the leases, the lessors are entitled to retain such excess amounts.

3.8. Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined on a weighted average basis and includes all costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price of inventory items, less the estimated costs of completion and direct selling expenses.

The Company applies the perpetual method of accounting for inventories.

Form B 09a - DN

(Issued under Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.9. Tangible fixed assets

(i) Cost

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. The initial cost of a tangible fixed asset comprises its purchase price, including import duties, non-refundable purchase taxes and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use. Manufacturers' discounts for purchases of tangible fixed assets, if any, are deducted from the value of the related asset. Expenditure incurred after tangible fixed assets have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance and overhauls cost, is charged to the separate statement of income in the period in which the cost is incurred. In situations where it can be clearly demonstrated that the expenditure has resulted in an increase in the future economic benefits expected to be obtained from the use of tangible fixed assets beyond their originally assessed standard of performance, the expenditure is capitalized as an additional cost of tangible fixed assets.

(ii) Depreciation

Depreciation is computed on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of tangible fixed assets. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

ш	Buildings and infrastructures	5 - 47	years
	Aircraft and components	10 - 20	years
•	Machinery and equipment	3 - 12	years
	Office equipment	3 - 10	years
=	Motor vehicles	6 - 10	years

3.10. Leased assets

Leases of property, plant and equipment where the lessor has transferred the ownership at the end of the lease period, and transferred substantially the risks and rewards, are classified as finance leases. Finance leases are capitalized at the inception of the lease at the lower of the fair value of leased assets or the present value of the minimum lease payments.

Each lease payment is separated between the liability and finance charges to achieve a constant rate on the outstanding finance lease balance. The corresponding rental obligations, net of the finance charge are included in long term borrowings.

The interest element of the finance costs is charged to the separate income statement over the lease term. The property, plant and equipment acquired under finance leasing contracts is depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the estimated useful life of the assets or the lease term. However, if there is reasonable certainly that the lessee will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term, depreciation is calculated over estimated useful life of the assets.

Financial lease with a purchase option is a financing arrangement that allows the lessee (the party leasing the asset) the opportunity to become the owner of the leased asset at the end of the lease term. This purchase option is predefined in the lease contract, this purchase option is up to the lessee and the lessors ,based on economic conditions, usage needs, and other factors at the time the financial lease concludes. Such a buy-back option provides a flexible choice for the lessee in managing and planning their assets and finances.

Leases where a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to the separate income statement on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

VietJet Aviation Joint Stock Company Notes to the separate financial statements for the

Notes to the separate financial statements for the first quarter ended 31 March 2025 (continued)

Form B 09a - DN

(Issued under Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 of the Ministry of Finance)

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.11. Intangible fixed assets

Software

Cost of acquiring new software, which is not an integral part of the related hardware, is capitalized and treated as an intangible asset. Software is amortized on a straight-line basis from 2 years to 10 years.

3.12. Construction in progress

Construction in progress represents the costs of construction and acquiring aircrafts which have not been fully completed. No depreciation is provided for construction in progress during the period of construction.

3.13. Long-term prepaid expenses

(i) Major inspection and overhaul expenditure

Major inspection and overhaul expenditure for leased aircrafts are deferred and amortized over the shorter of the period to the next major inspection event and the remaining term of the lease.

(ii) Rotable parts

Rotable parts which have estimated useful lives of more than 1 year are recorded in long-term prepaid expenses and amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful.

(iii) Tools and instruments

Tools and instruments include assets held for use by the Company in the normal course of business whose costs of individual items are less than VND30 million and therefore not qualified for recognition as fixed assets under prevailing regulations. Cost of tools and instruments are amortized on a straight-line basis over a period from 2 to 5 years.

3.14. Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are stated at their costs.

3.15. Accrued expenses

Accrued expenses include liabilities for goods and services received in the period but not yet paid for due to pending invoices or insufficient records and documents. Accrued expenses are recorded as expenses in the reporting period.

3.16. Provisions

A provision is recognized if, as a result of a past event, the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability.



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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.17. Provisions for maintenance costs in the scope of maintenance reserves

According to the aircraft leasing agreements between the Company and its lessors and the requirements of Vietnam Aviation Authority, the Company has to perform the routine maintenance and periodic maintenance for leased aircrafts based on its own Maintenance Planning Development which was constructed based on the guidance of airline manufacturers. Routine maintenance will be performed at the Company's cost while the periodic maintenance will be covered by maintenance reserves. The provisions for maintenance expenses in the scope of the maintenance reserves, except for engine performance restoration and auxiliary power unit heavy repair, is determined by discounting the expected future costs of maintenance for the leased aircrafts, having regard to the current fleet plan. During the period of leasing, the estimated costs are recorded in provisions with the corresponding debit to long-term prepaid expenses. The estimated costs in long-term prepaid expenses are amortized on the basis of flight hours or cycles to the next maintenance event. If effect of time value of money is material, unwinding discount of the provisions is recorded as financial expenses.

The estimated costs of engine performance restoration and auxiliary power unit heavy repair are accrued and charged to the separate statement of income over the estimated period between maintenance events using the ratios of actual flying hours or cycles and estimated flying hours or cycles between maintenance events.

3.18. Provisions for cost to make good on leased assets

With respect to aircraft operating lease agreements where the Company is required to return the aircraft with adherence to certain maintenance conditions, cost to make good on leased assets is estimated at the inception of the lease based on the present value of the future expected costs at the expiration of the lease in order for the Company to meet the conditions for the return of the aircraft to the lessors, including certain levels of maintenance as well as arranging for final test flights. Inspection, custom and deregistration costs, removal of the Company's modifications, if any and return of the aircraft to a specified location. At the inception of the lease, the estimated cost is recorded in provisions with the corresponding debit to long-term prepaid expenses. The estimated costs in long-term prepaid expenses are amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the leases. If effect of time value of money is material, unwinding discount of the provisions is recorded as financial expenses.

3.19. Borrowings and finance lease liabilities

Borrowings and finance lease liabilities include borrowings and finance lease liabilities from banks, related parties and other entities.

Borrowings and finance lease liabilities are classified into short-term and long-term borrowings and finance lease liabilities on the separate balance sheet based on the remaining term from the separate balance sheet date to the maturity date.

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the construction or production of any qualifying assets are capitalised during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use. In respect of general-purpose borrowings, a portion of which is used for the purpose of construction or production of any qualifying assets, the Company determines the amount of borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation by applying a capitalisation rate to the weighted average expenditure on the assets. The capitalisation rate is the weighted average of the interest rates applicable to the Company's borrowings that are outstanding during the period, other than borrowings made specifically for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset. Other borrowing costs are recognised in the separate income statement when incurred.

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.20. Appropriation of profit

The Company's dividends are recognised as a liability in the Company's separate financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved at the General Meeting of Shareholders and the list of shareholders receiving dividends is approved according to the Resolution of the Board of Directors of the Company.

Net profit after CIT could be distributed to shareholders after approval at the General Meeting of Shareholders, and after appropriation to other funds in accordance with the Company's charter and Vietnamese regulations. The General Meeting of Shareholders authorised the Board of Directors to decide on the implementation time. The Company's fund is Bonus and welfare fund.

Bonus and welfare fund is appropriated from the Company's profit after CIT pursuant to Resolution of the Board of Directors and being approved by the Annual General Meeting of Shareholder. Fund is presented as a liability in the separate balance sheet. This fund is used for reward and encouragement of physical benefits, serving the needs of public welfare, improvement and enhancement of the standard of physical and spirit life of workers under the approval of the Board of Directors.

3.21. Bonds issued - Straight bonds

At initial recognition, straight bonds are measured at cost which comprises proceeds from issuance net of issuance costs. Any discount, premium or issuance costs are amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the bond.

3.22. Unearned revenue

Unearned revenue mainly comprises revenue from passenger transportation and ancillary services, pilots and flight attendants training revenue, and income from sales and leaseback of financial lease asset. The Company records unearned revenue for the future obligations that the Company has to fulfil. Unearned revenue is recognised as revenue in the separate income statement during the period to the extent that revenue recognition criteria have been met.

3.23. Share capital

(i) Ordinary shares

Ordinary shares are recognised at issuance price less incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of ordinary shares, net of tax effects. Such costs are recognised as a deduction from share premium.

(ii) Share premium

The difference between proceeds from issuance of shares over the par value is recorded in share premium

(iii) Repurchase of ordinary share (treasury shares)

When shares recognised as equity are repurchased, the amount of the consideration paid, which includes directly attributable costs, net of tax effects, is recognised as a reduction from equity. Repurchased shares are classified as treasury shares under equity.

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.24. Current and deferred income tax

Income tax includes all income tax which is based on taxable profits. Income tax expense comprises current tax expense and deferred tax expense.

Current income tax is the amount of income tax payable or recoverable in respect of the current period taxable profits at the current period tax rates. Current and deferred income tax are recognised as an income or an expense and included in the profit or loss of the period, except to the extent that the income tax arises from a transaction or event which is recognised, in the same or a different period, directly in equity.

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the separate financial statements. Deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of occurrence affects neither the accounting nor the taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the accounting period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the separate balance sheet date.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

3.25. Revenue and other income

(i) Passenger transportation

Revenue from passenger transportation is recognized in the separate statement of income when the transportation is provided or when the ticket expires. The value of unused passenger tickets and miscellaneous charges is recorded in current liabilities as unearned revenue. Non-refundable tickets generally expire on the date of the intended flight, unless the date is extended by notification from the customer on or before the intended flight date. No revenue is recognized if there are significant uncertainties regarding recovery of the consideration due. Revenue of passenger transportation is recognized at the net amount after deducting sales discounts stated on the invoice.

(ii) Regular - Block seat and Charter flights

Revenue from block seat and charter flights is recognized in the separate statement of income when the services are provided. No revenue is recognized if there are significant uncertainties regarding recovery of the consideration due.

(iii) Cargo revenue

Revenue from cargo transportation from charter cargo is recognized in the separate statement of income when the services are provided.

(iv) Ancillary revenue

Ancillary revenue includes baggage service utilizing cabin and, other revenue related to passenger transportation, sale of in-flight and duty-free merchandise, advertising and commission. No revenue is recognized if there are significant uncertainties regarding recovery of the consideration due or the possible return of goods or services.

Revenue from baggage service is recognized in the separate statement of income when the related passenger transportation service is provided or when the ticket expires.

VietJet Aviation Joint Stock Company

Notes to the separate financial statements for the first quarter ended 31 March 2025 (continued)

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.25. Revenue and other income (continued)

(iv) Ancillary revenue (continued)

Other revenue related to passenger transportation such as fees charged in association with changes or extensions to non-refundable tickets is recorded as ancillary revenue at the time the fee is earned. Amendment fees related to non-refundable tickets are considered a separate transaction from the passenger transportation and they are recognized in the separate statement of income when charged to passengers.

Sales of in-flight and duty-free merchandise are recognized in the separate statement of income when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyers.

Advertising revenue and commission are recorded as ancillary revenue at the time the fee is earned.

(v) Aircrafts leasing

Revenue from aircrafts leasing is recognized in the separate statement of income on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Lease incentives granted are recognized as an integral part of the total lease revenue.

(vi) Sales of purchase right option

Revenue from the sales of non-refundable purchase right option is recognised in consolidated statement of income when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer. No revenue is recognised if there are significant uncertainties regarding recovery of the consideration due or the possible return of purchase right options.

(vii) Other services

Revenue from services rendered is recognized in the separate statement of income in proportion to the stage of completion of the transaction at the end of the accounting period. No revenue is recognized if there are significant uncertainties regarding recovery of the consideration due.

(viii) Interest income

Interest income is recognized on the time proportion basis with reference to the principal outstanding and the applicable interest rate.

(ix) Dividend income

Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive dividend is established. Share dividends are not recognized as income. Dividends received which are attributable to the period before investment acquisition dates are deducted from the carrying amount of the investment.

3.26. Cost of goods sold and services rendered

Cost of goods sold and services rendered are the cost of merchandise sold or services rendered during the period, and recorded on the basis of matching with revenue and on a prudence basis.

3.27. Selling expenses

Selling expenses represent expenses that are incurred in the process of selling goods, merchandises and providing services.

3.28. General and administration expenses

General and administration expenses represent expenses that are incurred for administrative purposes of the Company

3.29. Financial expenses

Financial expenses are expenses incurred in the period for financial activities including expenses or losses relating to provision for diminution in the value of trading securities; provision for diminution in value of other entities; unwinding discount of provision; expenses of lending and borrowing; finance lease interest expenses losses incurred on selling foreign currencies and losses from foreign exchange differences.

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.30. Segment reporting

A segment is a distinguishable component of the Company that is engaged either in providing related products or services (business segment), or in providing products or services within a particular economic environment (geographical segment), which is subject to risks and rewards that are different from those of other segments. The Company's primary format for segment reporting is based on business segment.

3.31. Related parties

Parties are considered to be related to the Company if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions, or where the Company and the other party are subject to common control or significant influence. Related parties may be individuals or corporate entities and include close family members of any individual considered to be a related party.

4. SEGMENT REPORTING

4.1. Business segment

For management purposes, the Company has 1 reportable operating segment which is providing passenger and cargo services, ancillary services, aircraft leasing and advertising on aircrafts (referred to as "air services").

Except for the above-mentioned operation, the company has no other business operation division to be synthesized. The formation of a unit of other business activities must report. Part information for total sales and cost of goods sold is presented in Note 26 and Note 27 of the separate financial statements. There was no internal revenue between departments of business operations. All assets, liabilities, revenues of financial operations and financial expenses, business management costs, sales expenses, other income, and other company expenses are unamortized.

The Board of Management shall determine the business operation division based on the reports already considered and used to make strategic decisions.

4.2. Geographical segment

The Company's revenue is presented by geographical area (by country of destination) as follows:

Quarter I.2025	Quarter I.2024
VND	VND
6,977,127,200,620	7,370,418,009,921
10,942,618,823,346	10,394,527,371,094
17,919,746,023,966	17,764,945,381,015
	VND 6,977,127,200,620 10,942,618,823,346

The Company's fixed assets and capital expenditure are primarily located in Vietnam.

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5. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	31.03.2025 VND	01.01.2025 VND
Cash on hand Cash at banks (*) Cash equivalents (**)	5,161,584,633 1,655,139,161,223 511,954,629,045	5,704,030,157 3,976,258,366,352 529,954,292,914
	2,172,255,374,901	4,511,916,689,423

^(*) As at 31 March 2025, the demand deposits are mainly to ensure the settlement of operating expenses due within the next two months and including the demand deposit amounted USD11,013,600 at HSBC (Vietnam) Ltd. has been placed to secure for the obligations arising from the annually revolving issuance of letter of credits (until the end of two leasing agreements, which expire in 2026 and 2028 respectively).

6. INVESTMENT

(a) Trading securities

		31.03.2025						
	Quantity	Cost VND	Fair value VND	Provision VND				
Petro Vietnam Oil Corporation	50,000,000	990,000,000,000	645,000,000,000	(345,000,000,000)				
		01.0	01.2025					
	Quantity	Cost	Fair value	Provision				
		VND	VND	VND				
Petro Vietnam Oil Corporation	50,000,000	990,000,000,000	603,200,000,000	(386,800,000,000)				
								

^(**) Cash equivalents include term deposits in VND at banks with original maturities of 3 months or less to secure for obligations arising from the issuance of deferred letter of credits, standby letters of credits and bank guarantees.

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6. INVESTMENT (continued)

(b) Investments held to maturity

	31.03	3.2025	01.01.2025		
	Cost	Book value	Cost	Book value	
	VND	VND	VND	VND	
Term deposits (*)	2,657,297,315,840	2,657,297,315,840	2,610,885,440,000	2,610,885,440,000	
Bonds (**)	600,018,829,073	600,018,829,073	600,018,829,073	600,018,829,073	
	3,257,316,144,913	3,257,316,144,913	3,210,904,269,073	3,210,904,269,073	

^(*) As at 31 March 2025, bank deposits in Vietnamese Dong with a maturity of more than three months to be committed for obligations arising from the use of bank credit limits, collateral for the issuance of annual revolving letters of credits (until the end of lease agreements, which expire in 2026, 2028, 2029, and 2032), deferred payment letters of credits due in May 2025 (fuel purchase, fixed assets) and bank guarantees (for fuel contract which expires in 2026).

(c) Equity investment in other entities

	31.03.2025		01.01.2025	
	% of equity owned	VND	% of equity owned	VND
Equity investments in subsidiaries				
- Galaxy Pay Co.,Ltd	100%	50,000,000,000	100%	50,000,000,000
 Swift247 Joint Stock Company 	67%	31,500,000,000	67%	31,500,000,000
 Vietjet Air IVB No, I Limited 	100%		100%	
 Vietjet Air IVB No, II Limited 	100%		100%	-
 Vietjet Air Singapore Pte, Ltd. 	100%	i.e.	100%	·=
- Vietjet Air Ireland No. 1 Limited	100%	-	100%	-
 Vietjet Ground Services Limited Liability Company 	100%	-	100%	
		81,500,000,000		81,500,000,000
Equity investments in associates - Thai Vietjet Air Joint Stock Co., Ltd Cam Ranh International Terminal	9%	,	9%	
Joint Stock Company - Allowance for diminution in value	10%	60,000,000,000 (60,000,000,000)	10%	60,000,000,000 (60,000,000)
Equity investments in other entities				
- Sai Gon Ground Services Joint Stock Company	9.1%	149,417,024,400	9.1%	149,417,024,400
		149,417,024,400		149,417,024,400

^(**) Corporate bonds in Vietnamese Dong with a maturity of three-month are from a third-party aircraft investment cooperation.

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6. INVESTMENT (continued)

(c) Equity investment in other entities (continued)

The main activities of the subsidiaries and affiliate companies are as follows:

Name	Country of incorporation	Principal activities	Business registration certificate
Subsidiaries Swift247 Joint Stock Company	Vietnam	No. 0315524536 dated 23 February 2019	To provide air freight services and related support services.
Vietjet Air IVB No, I Limited (i)	British Virgin Islands	No. 1825671 dated 27 May 2014	To trade and lease aircraft
Vietjet Air IVB No, II Limited (i)	British Virgin Islands	No. 1825613 dated 27 May 2014	To trade and lease aircraft
Vietjet Air Singapore Pte. Ltd. (i)	Singapore	No.201408849N dated 27 March 2014	To trade aircraft.
Vietjet Air Ireland No.I Limited (i)	Ireland	No.544879 dated 3 June 2014	To trade and lease aircraft,
Galaxy Pay Company Limited	Vietnam	No.0316368255 dated 08 July 2020	To provide e-wallet service
Vietjet Air Cargo Joint Stock Company	Vietnam	No. 0312759089 dated 27 August 2014	To provide cargo transportation and related support services
Skymate Limited (i)	Cayman Islands	No. 327015 dated 15 September 2017	To trade aircrafts
Vietjet Ground Services Limited Liability Company (i)	Vietnam	No. 0109783334 dated 19 October 2021	To provide directly supporting services activities for air freights
Associates			
Thai Vietjet Air Joint Stock Company Limited (i) (ii)	Thailand	No.0105556100551 dated 25 June 2013	To provide transportation and transfer of goods and passengers and other related services.
Cam Ranh International Terminal Joint Stock Company (ii)	Vietnam	No.4201676638 dated 5 February 2016	To provide support services for airline transportation.

⁽i) As of 31 March 2025, the company has not contributed funds to these subsidiaries and affiliates; The operation of these companies is mainly supported by the company.

⁽ii) The company has considerable influence over these companies because it has the right to appoint board members of these companies.

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7. SHORT-TERM LENDING

Borrower	Currency	Year of maturity	31.03.2025 VND	01.01.2025 VND
Menas Truong Son Joint Stock				
Company	VND	2025	422,400,000,000	517,400,000,000
Truong Son Plaza Joint Stock				
Company	VND	2025	338,710,531,793	338,710,531,793
Angelica Aviation Capital Vietnam Joint Stock Company Nam Anh Technology Limited	VND	2025	604,250,000,000	604,250,000,000
Company	VND	2025	80,660,000,000	80,660,000,000
Others	VND	2025	92,691,921,500	92,691,921,500
			1,538,712,453,293	1,633,712,453,293

8. SHORT-TERM TRADE ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

	31.03.2025 VND	01.01.2025 VND
Hangzhou BaoLi Co., Ltd. Others	11,349,286,832,686	254,786,861,242 10,544,635,930,868
	11,349,286,832,686	10,799,422,792,110

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9. OTHER RECEIVABLES

(a) Short-term

		31.03.2025 VND	01.01.2025 VND
	Maintenance reserves of leased aircraft	4,119,543,878,835	4,104,941,320,777
	Receivables from business corporation	2,186,560,400,000	2,186,560,400,000
	Receivables from share transfer	636,600,000,000	1,716,600,000,000
	Deposits for aircraft purchases within next 12 months	24,720,000,000	24,720,000,000
	Others	7,272,311,187,169	6,549,457,974,304
		14,239,735,466,004	14,582,279,695,081
(b)	Long-term		
		31.03.2025	01.01.2025
		VND	VND
	Maintenance reserves of leased aircraft	13,278,302,044,580	12,563,933,622,570
	Deposit for aircraft purchases after next 12 months (*)	3,494,730,902,798	3,347,587,646,013
	Deposit for aircraft leases	2,723,953,904,690	2,632,673,168,297
	Others	5,619,558,283,393	5,448,982,398,357
		25,116,545,135,461	23,993,176,835,237

^(*) The amounts included represent deposits for aircraft purchases up to 2029 to Airbus S.A.S Company.

10. INVENTORIES

	31.03.2025 VND	01.01.2025 VND
Tools and supplies Merchandise	2,034,398,464,262 55,535,388,931	1,955,111,216,782 50,324,543,461
	2,089,933,853,193	2,005,435,760,243

Notes to the separate financial statements for the first quarter ended 31 March 2025 (continued) VietJet Aviation Joint Stock Company

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11. FIXED ASSETS

(a) Tangible fixed assets

Included in the cost of tangible fixed assets were assets costing VND59 billion which were fully depreciated as at 31 March 2025 (01.01.2025; VND59 billion), but which are still in active use.

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11. FIXED ASSETS (continued)

(b) Finance lease fixed assets

(c)

	Aircraft VND
Historical cost As at 01 January 2025 and 31 March 2025	6,181,116,755,409
Accumulated depreciation As at 01 January 2025 Charge for the period	354,785,685,564 76,205,549,039
As at 31 March 2025	430,991,234,603
Net book value As at 01 January 2025 As at 31 March 2025	5,826,331,069,845 ====================================
Intangible fixed assets	
	Software VND
As at 01 January 2025 Increase	48,711,908,433 740,000,000
As at 31 March 2025	49,451,908,433
Accumulated amortization As at 01 January 2025 Charge for the period	36,220,274,282 680,518,994
As at 31 March 2025	36,900,793,276
Net book value As at 01 January 2025	12,491,634,151
As at 31 March 2025	12,551,115,157

Included in the cost of intangible fixed assets were assets costing VND31 billion which were fully amortized as at 31 March 2025 (01.01.2025: VND31 billion), but which are still in active use.

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12. CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS

		31.03.2025 VND	01.01.2025 VND
	Repair and maintenance Costs relating to aircraft and components Others	1,162,716,080,152 161,522,060,983 61,996,272,060	1,344,160,329,710 89,039,172,388 30,081,432,100
		1,386,234,413,195	1,463,280,934,198
13.	PREPAID EXPENSES		
(a)	Short-term		
		31.03.2025 VND	01.01.2025 VND
	Tools Software usage fee Others	139,129,910,618 20,905,708,770 115,196,974,736	114,424,082,292 33,921,569,165 51,627,429,709
		275,232,594,124	199,973,081,166

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13. PREPAID EXPENSES (continued)

(b) Long-term

Total	9,784,692,781,149 699,108,780,540 (353,853,966,939) (13,909,741,780)	10,116,037,852,970
Others	227,872,336,285 7,651,550,646 (17,266,209,199) (16,945,959,910)	201,311,717,822
Deferred aircraft lease expenses VND	2,142,304,159,611 47,803,968,297	2,190,108,127,908
Rotating parts, tools and instruments	883,306,047,428 292,336,644,907 (51,296,610,536) 3,036,218,130	1,127,382,299,929
Prepayments for Costs to make good Major inspection and maintenance on leased assets overhaul expenditure VND VND VND	509,725,215,229 239,895,568,724 (66,292,083,603)	683,328,700,350
Costs to make good on leased assets VND	588,561,926,309	558,785,577,356
Prepayments for maintenance VND	5,432,923,096,287 111,421,047,966 (189,222,714,648)	5,355,121,429,605
	As at 01 January 2025 Increase Allocation Reclassification	As at 31 March 2025

14. SHORT-TERM TRADE ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

01.01.2025	Able-to-pay amount VND	6,200,221,338,860
01.01	Value VND	6,200,221,338,860
.025	Able-to-pay amount VND	6,320,895,655,345
31.03.2025	Value VND	6,320,895,655,345
		Short-term trade accounts payable

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15. TAXES

As at 31.03.2025 VND	17,445,447,431	17,445,447,431	169,141,000,000 41,713,705,713 35,087,359,214 150,540,654	246,092,605,581
Refund VND	(23,838,488,216)	(23,838,488,216)	. (10,782,691,613)	(10,782,691,613)
Payment/net-off during the period VND	(433,082,684,187) (14,517,661,634) (10,423,322,986)	(458,023,668,807)	(486,397,244,152) (189,700,802,142) (115,654,233,129)	(791,752,279,423)
Receivable/payable during the period VND	433,082,684,187	464,609,720,724	507,799,023,908 150,889,413,074 115,804,773,783	774,493,210,765
As at 01.01.2025 VND	31,963,109,065	34,697,883,730	169,141,000,000 20,311,925,957 84,681,439,895	274,134,365,852
	a) Tax receivables Deductible VAT Foreign contractor tax Other tax		b) Tax payables CIT VAT Personal income tax Other tax	

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16. SHORT-TERM ACCRUED EXPENSES

		31.03.2025 VND	01.01.2025 VND
	Technical tools and equipments and aircraft, flight operation expenses Interest expense Others	1,708,220,262,521 640,345,223,294 205,504,541,952 2,554,070,027,767	1,755,410,528,775 409,021,643,487 313,758,694,892 2,478,190,867,154
17.	SHORT-TERM UNEARNED REVENUE		
		31.03.2025 VND	01.01.2025 VND
	Passenger transportation and ancillary services revenue received in advance, to be realised within next 12 months Others	2,706,109,320,319 16,054,380,902	4,213,581,649,205 39,466,420,836
		2,722,163,701,221	4,253,048,070,041
18.	OTHER SHORT-TERM PAYABLES		
		31.03.2025 VND	01.01.2025 VND
	Airport fees and charges payables to airports Airport fees received on behalf from passengers Others	1,326,208,791,532 625,540,400,136 984,519,065,246	2,118,088,367,717 839,736,855,126 856,791,906,995
		2,936,268,256,914	3,814,617,129,838

VietJet Aviation Joint Stock Company Notes to the separate financial statements for the first quarter ended 31 March 2025 (continued)

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19. BORROWINGS AND FINANCE LEASE LIABILITIES

(a) Short-term

As at 31.03.2025 VND	12,155,797,411,044 259,034,787,008	321,572,569,787 115,000,000,000 395,000,000,000	13,246,404,767,839
Revaluation VND	12,442,015,082	15,964,389,848	28,953,370,930
Decrease VND	10,678,829,563,712 (10,207,890,956,661) 46,135,806,752 (46,135,806,752)	(79,701,390,505)	(10,333,728,153,918)
Increase	10,678,829,563,712 46,135,806,752	66,107,415,808	11,091,072,786,272
As at 01.01.2025 VND	11,672,416,788,911 258,487,821,008	319,202,154,636 115,000,000,000 95,000,000,000	12,460,106,764,555
	Borrowings from banks (i) Current portion of long-term borrowings (Note 19(b)(i))	Current portion of forgerent mance lease (Note 19(b)(iii)) Borrowings from related parties Borrowings from others	

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19. BORROWINGS AND FINANCE LEASE LIABILITIES (continued)

(a) Short-term (continued)

(i) Borrowings from banks

Details short-term borrowings were as follows:

Lenders	Currency	31.03.2025 VND	01.01.2025 VND
Ho Chi Minh City Development Joint Stock Commercial Bank, a related party	USD	2,455,655,359,014	1,415,720,856,463
Ho Chi Minh City Development Joint Stock Commercial Bank, a related party	VND	414,766,505,967	1,465,577,026,396
Vietnam Joint Stock Commercial Bank of Industry and Trade	VND	2,955,761,499,717	2,559,902,533,467
Military Commercial Joint Stock Bank	VND	2,327,505,937,358	2,511,371,998,427
Military Commercial Joint Stock Bank	USD	211,202,486,609	-
Woori Bank Vietnam Limited, Ho Chi Minh City Branch	VND	649,992,297,036	649,984,161,979
Vietnam Maritime Commercial Joint Stock Bank	VND	1,741,232,649,591	1,973,876,211,809
HSBC Bank (Viet Nam) Limited	VND	68,007,077,750	66,012,334,054
Tien Phong Commercial Joint Stock Bank	VND	37,965,575,928	-
Vietnam International Commercial Joint Stock Bank	VND	1,293,708,022,074	1,029,971,666,316
		12,155,797,411,044	11,672,416,788,911





Notes to the separate financial statements for the first quarter ended 31 March 2025 (continued) VietJet Aviation Joint Stock Company

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19. BORROWINGS AND FINANCE LEASE LIABILITIES (continued)

(b) Long-term

As at 31.03.2025 VND	2,172,689,540,820 25,000,000,000,000 3,227,000,777,446 (455,235,324,259)	29,944,454,994,007
Revaluation VND	1,386,659,689	11,382,456,082
Decrease VND	(46,135,806,752) - (66,107,415,808) 32,833,323,673	(79,409,898,887)
Increase	(39,910,000,000)	(39,910,000,000)
As at 01.01.2025 VND	2,217,438,687,883 25,000,000,000,000 3,283,112,396,861 (448,158,647,932)	30,052,392,436,812
	Borrowings from banks (i) Straight bonds (ii) Finance lease liabilities (iii) Bond issuance costs	

Notes to the separate financial statements for the first quarter ended 31 March 2025 (continued) VietJet Aviation Joint Stock Company

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19. BORROWINGS AND FINANCE LEASE LIABILITIES (continued)

(b) Long-term (continued)

(i) Borrowing from banks

Long-term VND	187,463,190,791	2,029,975,497,092	258,487,821,008 2,217,438,687,883
Current portion VND	73,944,594,000	184,543,227,008	258,487,821,008
Long-term VND	188,849,850,480	1,983,839,690,340	259,034,787,008 2,172,689,540,820
Current portion VND	74,491,560,000		259,034,787,008
	June 2028	December 2036	
	OSD	VND	
	dilitary Commercial Joint Stock Bank (*)	nd Trade (**)	
	Long-term Current portion Long- VND VND	Current portion Long-term Current portion Long VND VND VND VND USD June 2028 74,491,560,000 188,849,850,480 73,944,594,000 187,463,19	Current portion

(*) The principal debit balance of this loan is repaid in 17 semi-annual periods and the last period on 13 June 2028.

(**) The principal debit balance of this loan is repaid in 48 annually quarterly periods and the last period on December 2036.

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19. BORROWINGS AND FINANCE LEASE LIABILITIES (continued)

(b) Long-term (continued)

(ii) Straight bond

Terms and conditions of long-term bonds were as follow:

01.01.2025	rtion of Long-term		5,000,000,000,000	- 6,000,000,000,000	3,000,000,000,000	- 2,000,000,000,000	9,000,000,000,000	- 25,000,000,000,000
8	Current portion of long-term bonds)						
31.03.2025	Long-term	VND	5,000,000,000,000	6,000,000,000,000	3,000,000,000,000	2,000,000,000,000	9,000,000,000,000	25,000,000,000,000
31.03	Current portion of long-term bonds	VND	•	T S	· ·	ï	•	
Year of maturity			2026	2028	2028	2029	2029	
Currency			VND	VND	VND	VND	VND	
			Bonds issued at par value, maturing after 60 months (*)	Bonds issued at par value, maturing after 60 months (**)	Bonds issued at par value, maturing after 60 months (***)	Bonds issued at par value, maturing after 60 months (****)	Bonds issued at par value, maturing after 60 months (****)	

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19. BORROWINGS AND FINANCE LEASE LIABILITIES (continued)

(b) Long-term (continued)

(ii) Straight bond (continued)

- (*) This bond is unsecured. Interest is payable in each semi-annual period, with a fixed interest rate of 9.5% per annum for the first 2 semi-annual periods from the date of issuance, and a floating interest rate equal to 3% per annum plus the average interest rates of the 12-month corporate deposits in VND in the following semi-annual periods until the maturity date.
- (**) This bond is unsecured. Interest is payable in each semi-annual period, with a fixed interest rate of 12% per annum for the first 2 semi-annual periods from the date of issuance, and a floating interest rate equal to 3.5% per annum plus the average interest rates of the 12-month corporate deposits in VND in the following semi-annual periods until the maturity date.
- (***) This bond is unsecured. Interest is payable in each semi-annual period, with a fixed interest rate of 10.5% until the maturity date.
- (****) This bond is unsecured. Interest is payable in each semi-annual period, with a fixed interest rate of 10.5% per annum for the first 4 semi-annual periods from the date of issuance, and a floating interest rate equal to 3.5% per annum plus the average interest rates of the 13-month corporate deposits in VND but not lower than the interest rate of 10.5% in the following semi-annual periods until the maturity date.
- (*****) This bond is unsecured. Interest is payable in each semi-annual period, with a fixed interest rate of 11.0% per annum for the first 4 semi-annual periods from the date of issuance, and a floating interest rate equal to 4.0% per annum plus the average interest rates of the 13-month corporate deposits in VND but not lower than the interest rate of 11.0% in the following semi-annual periods until the maturity date.

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19. BORROWINGS AND FINANCE LEASE LIABILITIES (continued)

(b) Long-term (continued)

(iii) Financial lease liabilities

Details of finance lease liabilities are as follows:

		31.03.2025	
	Principal	Lease interest expense	Total
	VND	VND	VND
Under 1 year	321,572,569,787	380,716,732,213	702,289,302,000
From 1 to 5 years	1,286,738,803,478	1,162,742,058,922	2,449,480,862,400
Over 5 years	1,940,261,973,968	556,868,107,193	2,497,130,081,161
	3,548,573,347,233	2,100,326,898,328	5,648,900,245,561
		01.01.2025	
	Principal	Lease interest expense	Total
	VND	VND	VND
Under 1 year	319,202,154,636	386,856,361,800	706,058,516,436
From 1 to 5 years	1,277,241,576,086	1,199,825,469,018	2,477,067,045,104
0 5			2,177,007,010,101
Over 5 years	2,005,870,820,775	608,156,104,837	2,614,026,925,612

As at 31 March 2025, the balance of financial lease liabilities with principal repayments is USD138 million (01.01.2025: USD141 million).

20. PROVISION

Movements of provisions during the period were as follow:

	Provision for maintenance expenses VND	Provision to make good on leased assets VND	Total VND
As at 01 January 2025 Provision made during the period Utilized of provision	18,077,782,029,579 576,792,158,278 (415,276,800,516)	1,582,481,142,697 20,615,044,363	19,660,263,172,276 597,407,202,641 (415,276,800,516)
As at 31 March 2025	18,239,297,387,341	1,603,096,187,060	19,842,393,574,401
Short-term Long-term	2,310,519,177,899 15,928,778,209,442	44,878,682,158 1,558,217,504,902	2,355,397,860,057 17,486,995,714,344
	18,239,297,387,341	1,603,096,187,060	19,842,393,574,401

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21. BONUS AND WELFARE FUNDS

	31.03.2025 VND	01.01.2024 VND
Beginning of period/year Utilization of the fund period/year Others	8,733,442,795 - 1,104,455,000	5,489,738,949 (130,000,000) 3,373,703,846
End of the period/year	9,837,897,795	8,733,442,795

22. DEFERRED INCOME TAX

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes relate to the same taxation authority. Details are as follows:

	31.03.2025 VND	01.01.2025 VND
Deferred tax assets: Deferred tax assets to be recovered		
after more than 12 months Deferred tax assets to be recovered	3,859,617,448,608	3,876,706,087,032
within 12 months	567,835,260,012	576,195,260,012
	4,427,452,708,620	4,452,901,347,044
	31.03.2025 VND	01.01.2025 VND
Deferred tax liabilities: Deferred tax liabilities to be recovered		
after more than 12 months Deferred tax liabilities to be recovered	(3,629,597,612,311)	(3,470,233,043,058)
within 12 months	(1,347,846,309,635)	(1,340,632,373,800)
	(4,977,443,921,946)	(4,810,865,416,858)
Net-off	4,427,452,708,620	4,452,901,347,044
Net deferred income tax (liabilities)/assets	(549,991,213,326)	(357,964,069,814)

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22. DEFERRED INCOME TAX (continued)

Movements in the deferred income tax, taking into consideration the offsetting of balances within the same tax jurisdiction, are as follows:

	31.03.2025 VND	01.01.2024 VND
Beginning of period/year Income statement charged period/year	(357,964,069,814) (192,027,143,512)	96,549,844,405 (454,513,914,219)
End of the period/year	(549,991,213,326)	(357,964,069,814)

The Company uses tax rate of 20% to determine deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities in 2025 (2024: 20%)

Deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities mainly include temporary differences related to deductible temporary differences, taxable temporary differences and tax losses carried forward.

Deferred income tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized.

The Company's tax losses can be carried forward to offset against future taxable profits for a maximum period of no more than five consecutive years from the year right after the year in which the loss was incurred. The actual amount of tax losses that can be carried forward is subject to review and approval of the tax authorities and may be different from the figures presented in the separate financial statements. The estimated amount of tax losses available for offset against the Company's future taxable income is:

Year of tax loss	Status of tax authorities' review	Loss incurred VND	Loss utilized VND	Loss carried forward VND
2020	Outstanding		(2,414,670,803,135)	-
2022	Outstanding	3,051,323,296,483	(2,536,864,869,389)	514,458,427,094

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23. OWNERS' CAPITAL

(a) Number of shares

	31.03.2025		01.01.2025	
	Ordinary shares	Preference shares	Ordinary shares	Preference shares
Number of shares registered	541,611,334		541,611,334	-
Number of shares issued	541,611,334	<u> </u>	541,611,334	
Number of existing shares in circulation	541,611,334	_	541,611,334	

(b) Movement of share capital

	Number of shares	Ordinary shares VND
As at 01 January 2024	541,611,334	5,416,113,340,000
As at 01 January 2025	541,611,334	5,416,113,340,000
As at 31 March 2025	541,611,334	5,416,113,340,000
	The state of the s	

Par value per share: VND10,000.

Each share is entitled to one vote at the Shareholders' meetings of the Company. Shareholders are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time. All ordinary shares are ranked equally with regard to the Company's residual assets. In respect of shares bought back by the Company, all rights are suspended until those shares are reissued.

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24. MOVEMENTS IN OWNERS' EQUITY

Total S VND	4,557,916,011,846 1,223,475,889,473	5,781,391,901,319 627,493,573,674	6,408,885,474,993
Post-tax undistributed earnings VND	(1,105,680,446,053) 1,223,475,889,473	117,795,443,420 627,493,573,674	745,289,017,094
Share premium VND	247,483,117,899	247,483,117,899	247,483,117,899
Owners' capital VND	5,416,113,340,000	5,416,113,340,000	5,416,113,340,000
	As at 01 January 2024 Profit for the year	As at 01 January 2025 Profit for the period	As at 31 March 2025

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25. OFF BALANCE SHEET ITEMS

	31.03.2025	01.01.2025
USD	29,786,529	36,724,029
SGD	1,424,855	597,454
MYR	1,135,970	1,135,970
KRW	1,427,913,764	1,813,009,682
JPY	43,298,670	180,958,118
EUR	39,490	42,802
TWD	233,100	233,100
HKD	121,694	1,078,927
GBP	1,655	1,655
IDR	14,921,064,619	11,357,542,489
THB	15,103,586	478,269
CNY	2,477,306	43,582,010
INR	348,626,489	244,643,835
MMK	2,864,650	2,864,650
AUD	6,257,784	6,916,382

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26. NET REVENUE FROM SALES OF GOODS AND RENDERING OF SERVICES

27.

	Quarter I.2025 VND	Quarter I.2024 VND
Passenger transportation revenue:		
- Domestic routes	4,549,495,695,536	3,756,181,913,462
- International routes	5,105,120,405,592	5,052,528,921,202
- Ancillary revenue	6,189,831,756,258	5,562,717,940,971
- Revenue from charter flights	1,530,090,333,673	1,349,589,635,552
	17,374,538,191,059	15,721,018,411,187
Revenue from arrangement, transfer of ownership		
and commercialization of aircraft and engines	-	1,488,300,000,000
Aircraft dry leases	461,350,275,846	449,152,055,630
Other revenue	83,857,557,061	106,474,914,198
	17,919,746,023,966	17,764,945,381,015
COST OF GOODS SOLD AND SERVICES REND	ERED	
	Quarter I.2025 VND	Quarter I.2024 VND
Costs of flight operation expenses Cost for arrangement, transfer of ownership and	15,227,803,797,523	14,299,779,063,213
commercialization of aircraft and engines	-	1,463,217,154,150
Depreciation and allocation	223,975,577,174	204,973,697,830
Other expenses	31,670,415,550	25,268,376,675
	15,483,449,790,247	15,993,238,291,868

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28. FINANCIAL INCOME

	Quarter I.2025 VND	Quarter I.2024 VND
Interest income from deposits and le	endings 202,772,406,700	289,706,468,873
Realised foreign exchange gains	189,223,856,381	149,841,226,738
Unrealised foreign exchange gains	-	122,728,053,366
Others	6,858,392,236	-
	398,854,655,317	562,275,748,977
29. FINANCIAL EXPENSES		
	Quarter I.2025 VND	Quarter I.2024 VND
Interest expenses	809,982,561,855	718,701,167,748
Realised foreign exchange losses Allowance for diminution in the valu	e of	94,438,744,047
trading securities	(41,800,000,000)	_
Unrealised foreign exchange losses	104,938,222,259	-
Others	269,632,031,391	111,433,541,936
	1,142,752,815,505	924,573,453,731

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30. SELLING EXPENSES

		Quarter I.2025 VND	Quarter I.2024 VND
	Selling and commission expenses Advertising and marketing expenses Staff costs Others	367,537,575,143 197,073,174,116 51,632,004,440 6,157,784,078	391,140,131,565 231,209,932,293 41,272,042,342 10,608,502,791
		622,400,537,777	674,230,608,991
31.	GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES		
		Quarter I.2025 VND	Quarter I.2024 VND
	Staff costs	58,195,213,083	63,974,302,481
	Rental expenses	5,531,176,226	10,732,459,601
	Others	197,520,686,808	137,985,563,330
		261,247,076,117	212,692,325,412
32.	COMPENSATION OF KEY MANAGEMENT		
		Quarter I.2025 VND	Quarter I.2024 VND
	Board of Directors Average monthly salary per person	2,096,304,762 77,640,917	2,093,304,762 77,529,806
		-	
	Board of Management Average monthly salary per person	1,894,000,000 126,266,667	1,895,580,000 126,372,000

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33. BUSINESS INCOME TAX

The corporate income tax rate (" Income tax ") applicable to a company is 20% of the taxable profit, (In 2024: 20%). Current income tax is to be paid based on current taxable income. Taxable income differs from income reported in separate business performance reports because taxable income does not include taxable income items or expenses deducted for tax purposes for years and does not include non-taxable or non-deductible items for tax purposes.

34. COMPARATIVE

The data compared on 01 January 2025 are carried forward from the financial data presented in the Company's separate financial statements as of and for the year ended 31 December 2024 which were reviewed by UHY Auditing and Consulting Company Limited.

30 April 2025

Prepared by:

Nguyen Thi Thanh Nga Chief Accountant

Ho Ngoc Yen Phuong Vice President cum Chief Financial Officer Dinh Viet Phuong
Chief Executive Officer